TRIDONIC

LED Driver Constant voltage

M

Driver LC 60W 24V SC SNC

essence series

Product description

- Constant voltage LED Driver
- Can bei either used built-in or independent with clip-on strain-relief (see data sheet chapter: 1. Standards)
- Output voltage 24 V
- Max. output power 60 W
- Dimmable via PWM LED dimmers
- Nominal life-time up to 50,000 h
- 5-year guarantee

Typical application

• Cove lighting, facade accent lighting, ceiling integration

Technical details

- 24 V, 60 W
- Small design (225 x 43 x 30 mm) with stretched-compact strain relief
- + Very good THD performance in wide load range < 5 %
- Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz) ± 1.5 %
- Small cross section
- Push terminal for simple wiring

System solution

- Tridonic LLE-FLEX ADV G2 600, 1,200, 1,800 lm/m
- Tridonic LLE-FLEX EXC 600, 1,200, 1,800, 2,500 lm/m
- In connection with Flex accessories wire to PCB plug

 \rightarrow

Standards, page 3







System solution



TRIDONIC

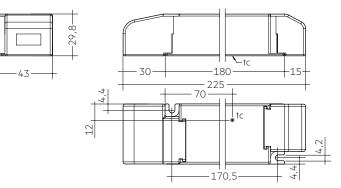
IP20 SELV ♥ ♥ ♥ ♥ @ @ [fil @ C € & Rohs

Driver LC 60W 24V SC SNC

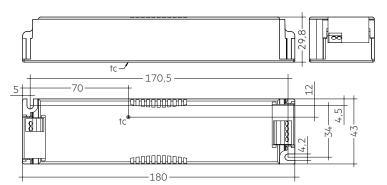
essence series

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V, 48 h
Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®	291 mA
Max. input power	67 W
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)	92 %
λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\textcircled{1}}$	0.98
Typ. input current in no-load operation	47 mA
Typ. input power in no-load operation	1.5 W
In-rush current (peak / duration)	27.7 A / 198 µs
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®]	< 4 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®]	< 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Output voltage tolerance	± 1 V
Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 1.5 %
Max. output voltage (no-load voltage)	25 V
Burst capability	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L – N)	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	2 kV
Life-time	up to 50,000 h
Dimensions L x W x H	225 x 43 x 29.8 mm



With strain-relief



Without strain-relief

Ordering data

Туре	Article number	Packaging carton®	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
Multi packaging					
LC 60W 24V SC SNC	87500665	10 pc(s).	120 pc(s).	1,200 pc(s).	0.18 kg
Single packaging					
LC 60W 24V SC SNC SP	87500667	10 pc(s).	80 pc(s).	800 pc(s).	0.18 kg
-					

[®] The strain relief is included in both packaging variants. In the single packaging each Driver has also an individual packaging.

Specific technical data

Туре	Load	Forward voltage	Output current	Max. output power (at 24 V, full load)	Typ. power consumption (at 24 V, full load)	Typ. current consumption (at 24 V, full load)	Max. casing temperature tc	Ambient temperature ta max.
	30 %	24 V	750 mA	18 W	20.6 W	109 mA	75 °C	-20 +50 °C
LC 60W 24V SC SNC	55 %	24 V	1,375 mA	33 W	36.6 W	171 mA	80 °C	-20 +50 °C
LC 80W 24V SC SNC	80 %	24 V	2,000 mA	48 W	52.5 W	237 mA	85 °C	-20 +50 °C
	100 %	24 V	2,500 mA	60 W	66.0 W	292 mA	85 °C	-20 +50 °C

[®] Valid at 100 % dimming level.

Constant voltage

1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 62384 EN 61547

For devices with strain-reliefs the following test marks apply:

... Class II luminaires

 $igodoldsymbol{\Theta}$... Independet device

For devices without strain-reliefs the following test mark apply:

igodot ... Double or reinforced insulation

2. Thermal details and life-time

2.1 Expected life-time

Expected lifetime

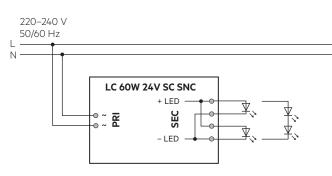
Expected interime					
Туре	Output load	ta	40 °C	45 °C	50 °C
LC 60W 24V SC SNC	. 77 (0) 14	tc	75 °C	80 °C	85 °C
	> 33 ≤ 60 W	Life-time	90,000 h	65,000 h	45,000 h
	77.14/	tc	70 °C	75 °C	80 °C
	≤ 33 W	Life-time	>100,000 h	>100,000 h	75,000 h

The LED control gear is designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

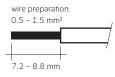
3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram

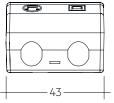


3.2 Mains supply wiring

The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid from 0.5 - 1.5 mm². For perfect function of the push-wire terminals (WAGO 250) the strip length should be 7.2 - 8.8 mm.



Primary strain relief for cables with bigger cable sheath



Permissible cable jacket diameter: 2.2 – 9 mm

Secondary strain relief for cable with smaller cable sheath



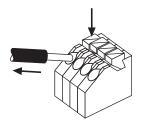
Permissible cable jacket diameter: 3 – 9 mm

1.1 Glow wire test

according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

LED Driver Constant voltage

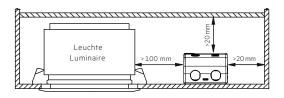
3.3 Loose wiring



Release of the wiring Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.

3.4 Fixing conditions when using as independent Driver with Clip-On

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



3.5 Wiring guidelines

- The cables should be run separately from the mains connections and mains cables to ensure good EMC conditions.
- The LED wiring should be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMC. The max. secondary cable length is 2 m (4 m circuit).
- The secondary wires (LED module) should be routed in parallel to ensure good EMC performance.
- The LED Driver has no inverse-polarity protection on the secondary side. Wrong polarity can damage LED modules with no inverse-polarity protection.
- Wrong wiring of the LED Driver can lead to malfunction or irreparable damage.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

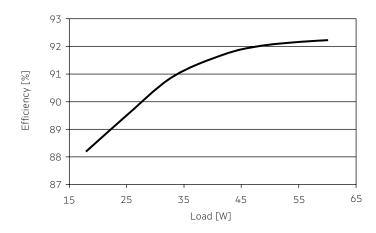
3.6 Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.

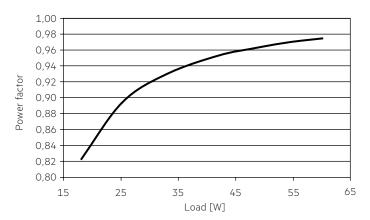
Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

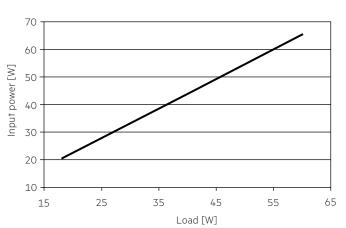
4. Electrical values

4.1 Efficiency vs. load





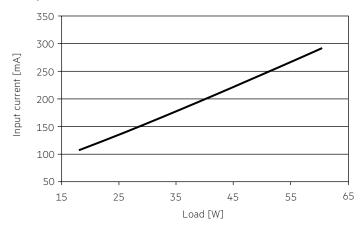




4.3 Input power vs. Load

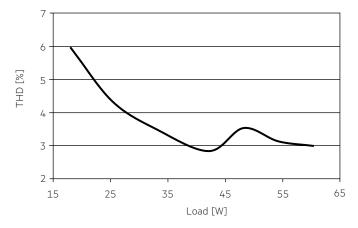
LED Driver Constant voltage

4.4 Input current vs. Load



4.5 THD vs. Load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	l max	time
LC 60W 24V SC SNC	28	37	47	58	17	22	28	35	27.7 A	198 µs

This are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker. Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.

Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.7 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load)

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 60W 24V SC SNC	< 4	< 3	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Overload protection

If the output current range is exceeded, the LED will flicker, and output voltage will be reduced.

When fault is removed, the driver can go back to work automatically without resetting input main power.

5.2 Overtemperature protection

The LED Driver is protected against temprorary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the LED will flicker, and restart automatically after the driver cold down. The temperature protection is activated approx. + 15 °C above Tc max.

5.3 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit at the LED output the LED output is switched off. When fault is removed, the driver can go back to work automatically without resetting input main power.

5.4 No-load operation

The LED Driver will not be damaged in the no-load operation. When the output is floating and doesn't connect the LED modules, the output voltage will keep the max. voltage (< 25 V). After connecting the LED load, the driver works normally without resetting the main power.

5.5 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in is supported.

If a LED load is connected, the device does not need to be restarted before the output will be activated again.

7. Miscellaneous

7.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V $_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The insulation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

7.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity:	5 % up to max. 85 %,
	not condensed
	(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be acclimatised to the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

7.3 Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com \rightarrow Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at www.tridonic.com \rightarrow Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.